Americans 21.1: Changing Ways of Life

Name: ___

- 1. What was a sign of cultural conflicts in America's cities?
- 2. What did the 1920 census reveal?
- 3. What were the nation's biggest cities in the 1920s?
- 4. Which ethnic groups filled Chicago?
- 5. Describe the tug of war between rural and urban cultures.
- 6. What era did the Eighteenth Amendment start?
- 7. What law established the Prohibition Bureau? Why was the bureau ineffective?
- 8. Where did people go to drink in the 1920s? What were alcohol smugglers called?
- 9. What did Prohibition contribute to? Who was the most famous example of this behavior and in what city did he operate?
- 10. What law ended Prohibition and when did it go into effect?
- 11. What did fundamentalists believe? Which scientific theory did fundamentalists reject?
- 12. Who were two powerful Christian fundamentalist revivalist preachers?
- 13. What became the "trial of the century" and who were its key figures? What was the result of the trial?

Americans 21.2: The Twenties Woman

Name: _____ Date: ____

14. What did Zelda Sayre Fitzgerald come to represent?

15. What were flappers and how did they represent the new attitudes of the day?

16. What is the double standard?

17. Which careers were "women's professions"?

18. What other type of employment was widely available to women?

19. Why were birthrates falling in the 20th century?

20. How was household labor and family life changing in the 1920s?

21. How were marriages changing?

22. How did teenage life change in the 1920s?

Americans 21.3: Education and Popular Culture Name: _____ Date: _____

23. How many tuned in to hear the "fight of the century"? What happened to some radio listeners?

24. What happened to the number of high school students between 1914 and 1926? How did high school curriculum change in the 1920s?

25. What shaped mass culture? What are two examples of some of the most popular magazines of the period?

26. What was the most powerful communications medium to emerge in the 1920s?

27. What types of entertainment did Americans enjoy?

28. Who was America's most beloved hero? What had he done to earn this attention?

29. Who was inspired by Lindbergh?

30. What was the first major movie with sound? What was the first animated movie with sound?

31. Which composer blended traditional European melodies and American jazz?

32. Who were two of the great American painters of the 1920s?

33. Who was the first American to win a Nobel Prize in literature? What did he ridicule?

34. Who coined the term "Jazz Age"? What books did he write?

35. What did Edith Wharton dramatize? What about Edna St. Vincent Millay?

36. What did Gertrude Stein call the American ex-pat writers living in Paris?

37. Who criticized the glorification of war and introduced a tough, simplified style of writing?

Americans 21.4: The Harlem Renaissance

Name: ___

38. What phrase came into use in the 1920s?

39. After the Great Migration, what percentage of African Americans lived in Northern cities?

40. What was founded in 1909? Who led it? What did it fight for and what did it represent?

41. What did Marcus Garvey believe? What organization did he found? What did he encourage his followers to do?

42. What was the Harlem Renaissance above all?

43. Whose militant verses urged African Americans to resist prejudice and discrimination? Who was the movement's bestknown poet?

44. Who portrayed the lives of poor, unschooled Southern blacks?

- 45. Who were some of the black performers who were spotlighted by Shuffle Along?
- 46. Which actor supported the Soviet Union?
- 47. What was born in New Orleans?
- 48. Who went on to become perhaps the most important and influential jazz musician?

49. Who led the Cotton Club orchestra? What pieces did he compose?

50. Who popularized scat? Which blues singer was the highest paid black artist in the world?