

Americans 11.1: The Civil War Begins

Name: _____ **Date:** _____

1. What did the Confederate attack on Ft. Sumter signal?
2. What happened on February 4, 1861?
3. What was Lincoln's clever political maneuver regarding Ft. Sumter?
4. What was the Northern reaction to the fall of Ft. Sumter?
5. Which other slave states joined the Confederacy?
6. Which new state emerged?
7. Which slave states remained loyal to the Union?
8. What advantages did the Union have?
9. What advantages did the Confederacy have?
10. Describe the Union's three-part plan Anaconda Plan strategy:
 - a.
 - b.
 - c.
11. Where and when was the first major battle? What Confederate hero emerged? Who won?
12. How did Lincoln respond to Bull Run?

13. Who replaced Irvin McDowell as the new Union commander? What was the commander's new army called?
14. Who captured Ft. Henry and Ft. Donelson in Tennessee and what was his nickname?
15. What did the Battle of Shiloh in March 1862 demonstrate?
16. What cities did David G. Farragut capture?
17. What new technology was instrumental to Grant and Farragut's successes in the West? Which two ships demonstrated this technology on March 9, 1862 and who won?
18. What other new technologies were used in the war?
19. Who took command of the Confederate army after Gen. Joseph E. Johnston was wounded?
20. What was the importance of the Seven Days' Battles from June 25-July 1, 1862?
21. When Lee moved into Maryland, what did a Union corporal find?
22. What record does the Battle of Antietam hold?
23. Why did Lincoln fire McClellan?

Americans 11.2: The Politics of War

Name: _____ **Date:** _____

24. Who did Southerners hope would come to their aid? Why did they not?
25. Why did Lincoln free Confederate diplomats during the *Trent* affair?
26. On what basis did Lincoln come to support emancipation?

27. Who did the Emancipation Proclamation affect?
28. How did the Emancipation Proclamation change the purpose of the war?
29. How did the Emancipation Proclamation make a compromise peace impossible?
30. Define *habeas corpus*:
31. Who were Copperheads?
32. Define *conscription*:
33. How did poor Confederates describe the Civil War?
34. How were Union men able to evade the draft?
35. Why did New York City Irish immigrants resist the draft?

Americans 11.3: Life During Wartime

Name: _____ **Date:** _____

36. What happened to Confederate currency?
37. How did black soldiers protest unequal pay? What was the result of their protest?
38. Why was the African American mortality rate higher than the rate for white soldiers?
39. How did the Confederacy treat captured black soldiers? What happened at Ft. Pillow?
40. Read the side inset on the 54th Massachusetts on p. 352. What was the result of their attack on Ft. Wagner near Charleston? How was Sergeant William Carney recognized?

41. How did Southern slaves resist?
42. In general, what was the economic impact of the war?
43. What caused food shortages in the South?
44. How did the war affect Northern industry?
45. How did the war affect Northern agriculture?
46. How did Congress decide to pay for the war? What did they authorize?
47. What was common in army camps?
48. What job did Dorothea Dix take?
49. What was nurse Clara Barton's nickname?
50. What was the worst Confederate prison? What happened to its commander after the war?
51. What were the death rates for Union prisoners in Southern prisons and Confederate prisoners in Northern prisons?

Americans 11.4: The North Takes Charge

Name: _____ **Date:** _____

52. What was the result of the Confederate charge Frank Aretas Haskell witnessed?
53. What was importance of the Battle of Gettysburg?
54. What was the result of the Battle of Chancellorsville? Which leader did the Confederacy lose at this battle?
55. What were the sizes of the Union (Yankee) and Confederate forces on the second day of Gettysburg?

56. On the third day, who did Confederate General Longstreet order to lead an attack on the center of the Union defensive lines?
57. How many Union and Confederate casualties were produced at Gettysburg?
58. Which Mississippi River city did Grant lay siege to?
59. Why was July 3, 1863 such an important day for the Union?
60. What important speech did Lincoln make in November 1863?
61. How did Southerners against the war voice their concerns in North Carolina in 1863?
62. Who did Lincoln appoint as the new top Union commander in March 1864? Who did that person appoint as commander of the western Union forces?
63. What did Grant and Sherman mean by total war?
64. How did Union losses compare to Confederate losses during the period May 4–June 18, 1864? What was Grant called?
65. Describe Sherman's march through Georgia.
66. How did Sherman's behavior in South Carolina differ from his behavior in North Carolina? Why?
67. Why was Lincoln pessimistic about his chances for reelection in 1864?
68. What events improved Lincoln's chances at reelection?
69. What did Jefferson Davis be done to Richmond, Virginia?
70. Where did Lee surrender to Grant? How was Grant generous to Lee?

71. How did the Civil War settle the debate over states' rights vs. federal authority?

72. How did the Civil War affect the power of the federal government?

73. How did the federal government help business during the Civil War?

74. What was the war's economic impact on the North?

75. What was the war's economic impact on the South?

76. Complete the chart:

	Union	Confederate
Number of Dead		
Number of Wounded		

77. How did government spending during the war compare to government spending before the war?

78. What does the Thirteenth Amendment state?

79. Look at p. 369. What did Matthew Brady do during the war?

80. What did Robert E. Lee do after the war?

81. What organization did Clara Barton start after the war?

82. Who assassinated Lincoln?

83. How many Americans turned out to mourn Abraham Lincoln during this body's journey home to Illinois?

84. What two new problems did the nation now face?